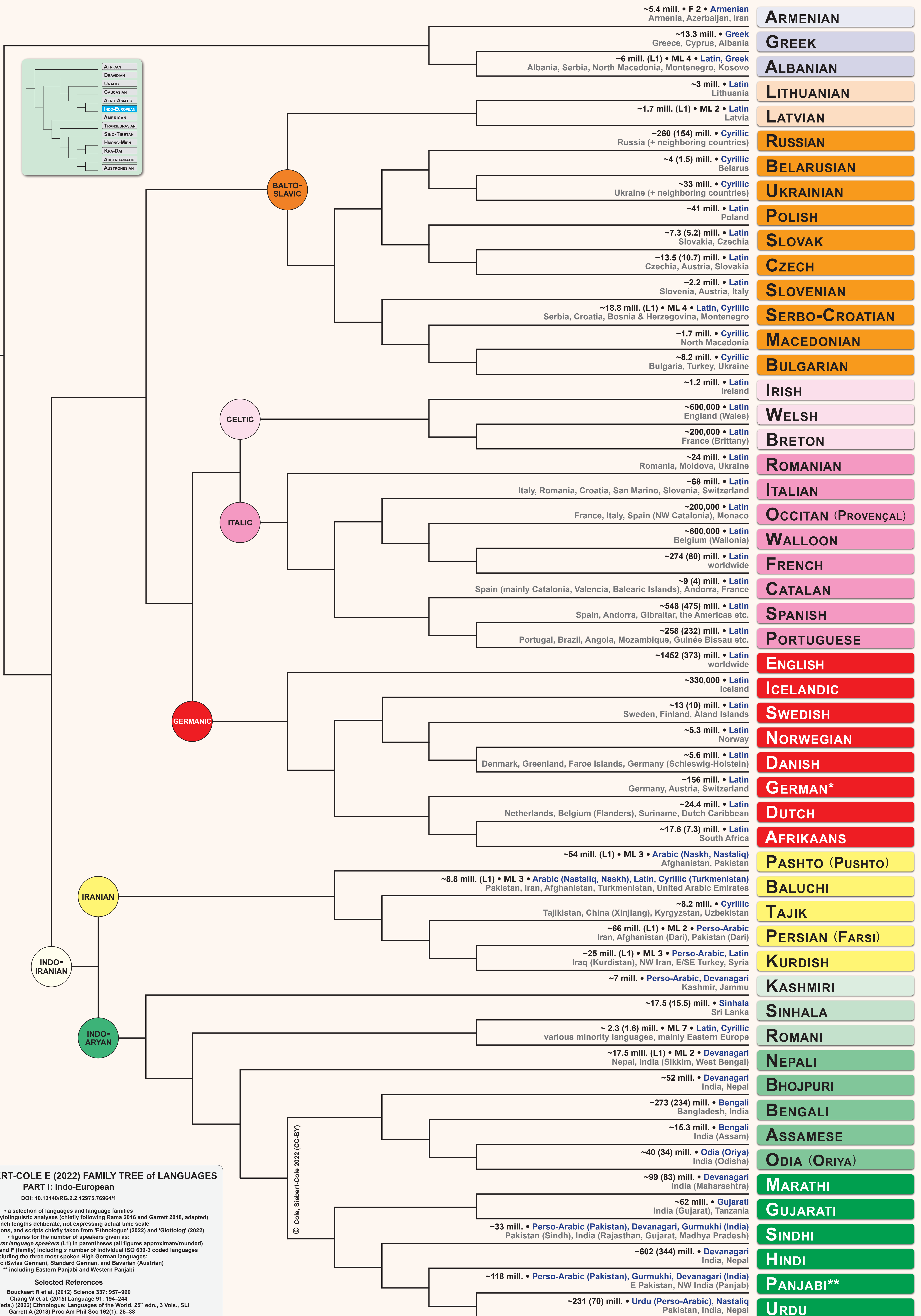


FAMILY TREE OF LANGUAGES

PART I: INDO-EUROPEAN

THEODOR C. H. COLE, DIPL. RER. NAT., FU BERLIN, GERMANY & ERIKA SIEBERT-COLE, M.A., HEIDELBERG, GERMANY



COLE TCH, SIEBERT-COLE E (2022) FAMILY TREE OF LANGUAGES
PART I: Indo-European
DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.2.12975.76964/1

- a selection of languages and language families
- hypothetical tree from phylogenetic analyses (chiefly following Rama 2016 and Garrett 2018, adapted)
- branch lengths deliberate, not expressing actual time scale
- numbers, countries/regions, and scripts chiefly taken from 'Ethnologue' (2022) and 'Glottolog' (2022)
- figures for the number of speakers given as:
 - total world followed by first language speakers (L1) in parentheses (all figures approximate/rounded)
 - ML (macrolanguage) and F (family) including x number of individual ISO 639-3 coded languages
 - * including the three most spoken High German languages:
 - Alemannic (Swiss German), Standard German, and Bavarian (Austrian)
 - ** including Eastern Panjabi and Western Panjabi

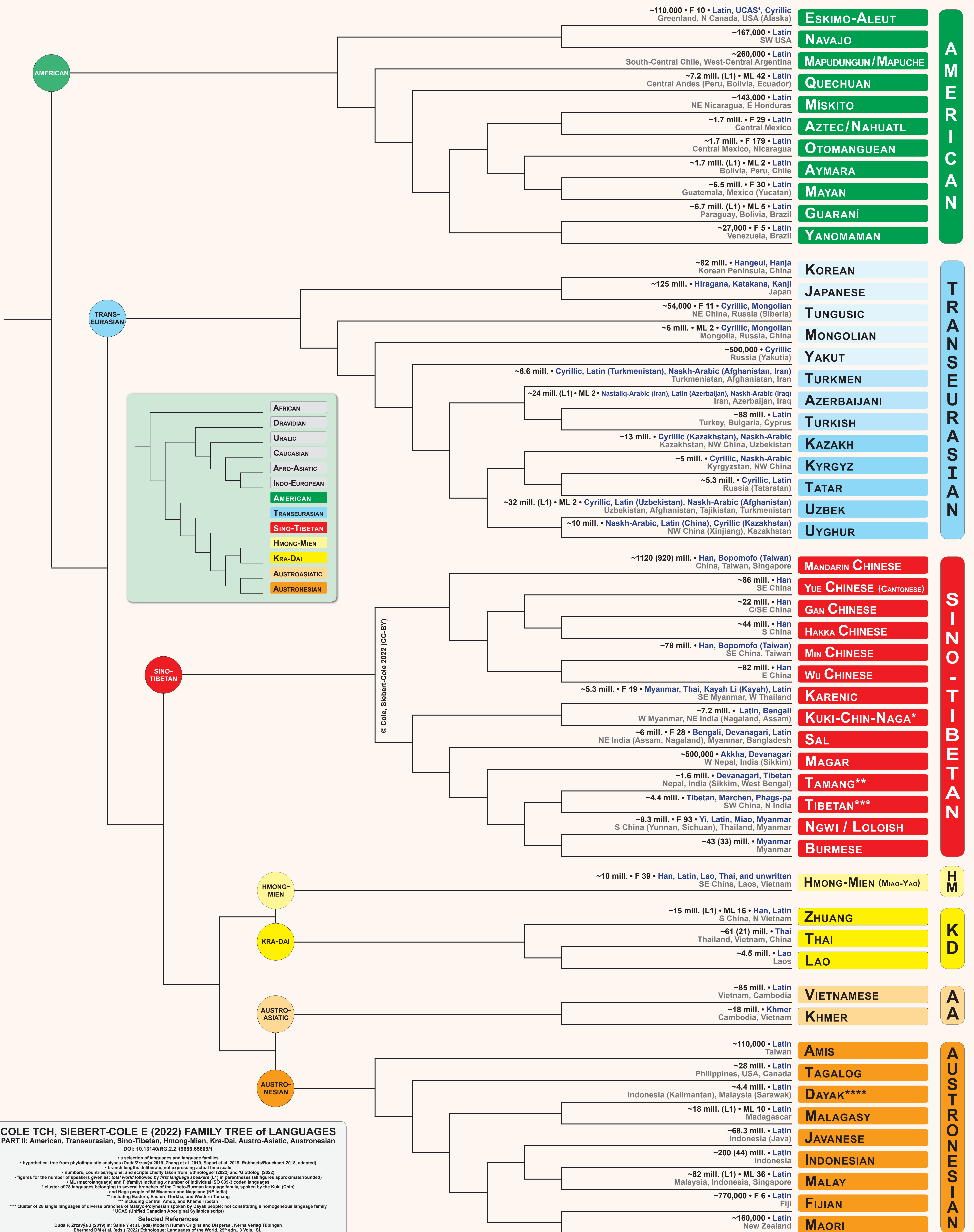
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FAMILY TREE OF LANGUAGES

PART II: AMERICAN, TRANSEURASIAN, SINO-TIBETAN, HMONG-MIEN, KRA-DAI, AUSTRO-ASIATIC, AUSTRONESIAN

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COLE TCH, SIEBERT-COLE E (2022) FAMILY TREE OF LANGUAGES
PART II: American, Transeurasian, Sino-Tibetan, Hmong-Mien, Kra-Dai, Austro-Asiatic, Austronesian
DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.2.19686.65609/1

• hypothetical tree from phylogenetic analyses (Duda/Zrzavý 2019, Zhang et al. 2019, Sagart et al. 2019, Robbeets/Bouckaert 2018, adapted)
• branch lengths deliberate, not expressing actual time scale
• numbers, countries/regions, and scripts chiefly taken from 'Ethnologue' (2022) and 'Glottolog' (2022)
• figures for the number of speakers given as: total world followed by first language speakers (L1) in parentheses (all figures approximate/rounded)
• ML (macrolanguage) and F (family) including x number of individual ISO 639-3 coded languages
• cluster of 78 languages belonging to several branches of the Tibeto-Burman language family, spoken by the Kuki (Chin) and Naga people of W Myanmar and Nagaland (NE India)
** including Eastern, Eastern Gorkha, and Western Tamang
*** including Central, Amdo, and Kham Tibetan
**** cluster of 26 single languages of diverse branches of Malayo-Polynesian spoken by Dayak people; not constituting a homogeneous language family
UCAS (Unified Canadian Aboriginal Syllabics script)

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FAMILY TREE OF LANGUAGES

PART III: AFRICAN, DRAVIDIAN, URALIC, CAUCASIAN, AFRO-ASIATIC

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